

# Efficient Computing for Social Scientists

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# Why do you need a good workflow?

- ▶ Collaboration
- ▶ Save time
- ▶ Replication
- ▶ Changes
- ▶ Implement updates
- ▶ Reproduce your own work
- ▶ Expand work to other projects
- ▶ Learn from my many mistakes
  - ▶ Time lost
  - ▶ Data errors

# Elements of a good workflow (today's outline)

- ▶ Backups
- ▶ File structure
- ▶ Bibliography management
- ▶ Note taking
- ▶ Mind mapping
- ▶ Word processing
- ▶ Presentations
- ▶ Text editors
- ▶ Statistics
- ▶ Qualitative analysis

# Backups

- ▶ Time machine
- ▶ Carbonite
- ▶ Dropbox
- ▶ HDs on site / off site

# File structure

- ▶ My example:
  - ▶ One folder for projects (papers, diss, etc.)
  - ▶ One folder for data (structured by topic & name)
  - ▶ One folder for articles & e-books (w/ master bib)
- ▶ Project-specific folder master structure

## Johannes' project-specific file structure

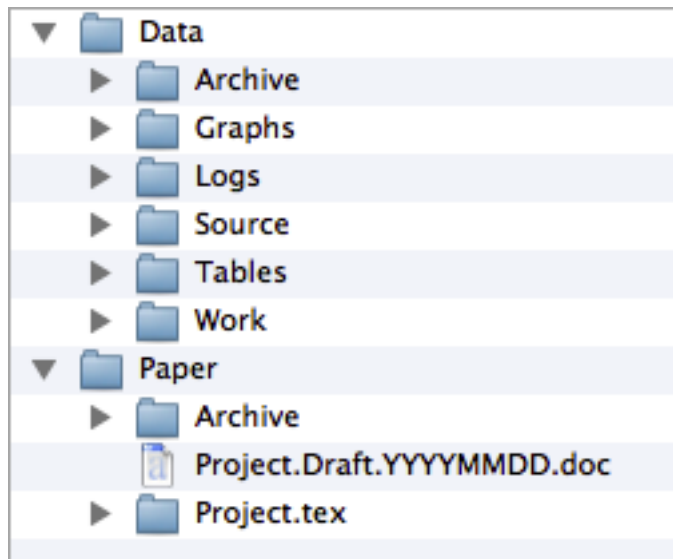


Figure : My folder structure

# File structure

- ▶ My example:
  - ▶ One folder for projects
  - ▶ One folder for data
  - ▶ One folder for articles (w/ master bib)
- ▶ Project-specific folder structure
- ▶ Other examples?

# Bibliography management

- ▶ Endnote (free at CU?)
- ▶ Papers (like iTunes, ~ \$50)
- ▶ Bibdesk (free)
- ▶ Zotero (free)
- ▶ Integration with word processing (Word & LaTeX)
- ▶ Save articles in one master bibliography
- ▶ Use software to save notes where you can find them easily (for comps!!)



# Note taking

- ▶ Simpler formatting is better
- ▶ You should have a consolidated place for notes, rather than files flying around
- ▶ Searchability & tagging are very important
  - ▶ Evernote works well for many, and also allows sharing & collaboration, also across platforms & devices
  - ▶ Simplenote
  - ▶ Other examples?

# Mindmapping (hello theorists!)

- ▶ White/blackboards
- ▶ FreeMind (thanks to Matt Heller!)
- ▶ Mac: OmniGraffle (also for diagrams)

# Word processing

- ▶ Word, Open Office, Pages: use headers (why?), what else?
- ▶ LaTeX  
(<http://spot.colorado.edu/~joka5204/latex.html>)

# Presentations

- ▶ LaTeX Beamer (previous workshop)
- ▶ Cool option: Pandoc & MultiMarkdown
  - ▶ to PDF
  - ▶ to HTML

## Pandoc: Source code for this presentation

```
workflow.pandoc.txt
1 % Efficient Computing for Social Scientists
2 % Department of Political Science, CU-Boulder
3 % February 22, 2013
4
5 # Why do you need a good workflow?
6
7 - Collaboration
8 - Save time
9 - Replication
10 - Changes
11 - Implement updates
12 - Reproduce your own work
13 - Expand work to other projects
14 - Learn from my many mistakes
15     + Time lost
16     + Data errors
17
18 # Elements of a good workflow (today's outline)
19
20 - Backup
```

# Advantages of non-PPT

- ▶ Easy transfer from paper manuscript to slides
- ▶ You can always recover content

# Text editors

- ▶ (In my view) necessary for statistical software and others. . .
- ▶ Syntax highlighting
- ▶ Balancing code elements (no more un-matched brackets)
- ▶ Windows: WinEdt, Notepad++
- ▶ Mac: Textmate(2), Textwrangler, Fraise, Emacs/ESS

# Statistics software

- ▶ File structure. Separate:
  - ▶ Source data
  - ▶ Working (recoded) data
  - ▶ Recoding commands
  - ▶ Analysis commands
- ▶ MUST use script/do files (and log) files
- ▶ Nested script files
  - ▶ E.g., one master file calls recoding & analysis files
- ▶ Don't overwrite datasets unless you're certain that's what you want
- ▶ Useful version numbering
  - ▶ I use an archive for datasets, named by date (not ideal)
- ▶ *Look* at your data and summarize & plot it
  - ▶ My interpolation error: IGO memberships  $< 0$
  - ▶ I didn't see it until someone else pointed this out



## Statistics software: Resources

- ▶ Scott Long's book: *The Workflow of Data Analysis Using Stata*
- ▶ R equivalents?
  - ▶ <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1429907/workflow-for-statistical-analysis-and-report-writing/>
  - ▶ <http://robjhyndman.com/researchtips/workflow-in-r/>
  - ▶ <https://github.com/johnmyleswhite/ProjectTemplate>

# Qualitative analysis

- ▶ Evernote for storing notes, audio, and external files
- ▶ More complex software for text analysis
- ▶ QDAP/CAT (open source)
- ▶ Nvivo (not open source)
- ▶ WordFish (in R)
- ▶ RTextTools (also in R)

# The #1 question you should ask yourself:

*If you had to recreate all contents of a project, how long would it take you?*

*How clear and straightforward is this process?*

Your life depends on it. . .

These slides will be posted at

<http://spot.colorado.edu/~joka5204/workflow.html>